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IDEAYA Biosciences

Improving Lives Through Transformative Precision Medicines



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This presentation concerns anticipated products that are under clinical investigation and which have not yet been approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). It is currently limited by Federal law to investigational use, and no representation is made as to its safety or effectiveness for the purposes for which it is being investigated.



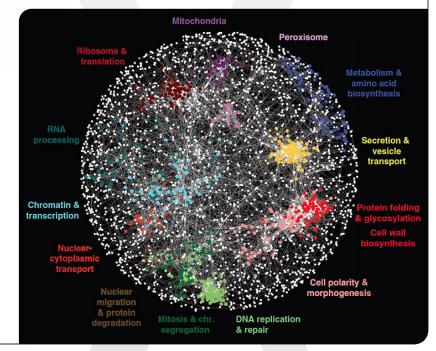
Synthetic Lethality

The Next Frontier in Precision Medicine Oncology

Synthetic Lethality provides a powerful approach to discover novel precision medicine therapies with patient biomarkers, including MTAP-deletion (~15% of solid tumors), BRCA/HRD (Breast, Prostate, Ovarian), and high-MSI (15% GI Cancers)

<u>nature</u> <u>REVIEWS</u> <u>GENETICS</u>

- Synthetic lethality occurs when the simultaneous perturbation of two genes results in cell death
- Synthetic lethal interactions with tumor-specific mutations (biomarker) may be exploited to develop anticancer therapies
- Large-scale screening for synthetic lethal targets has progressed through advances in molecular biology (e.g., RNA interference, CRISPR-Cas9 editing)



Reference: Charles Boone



Nature Reviews Genetics, Vol. 18, 2017, Hieter, et al

Fully-Integrated Target, Biomarker, Drug Discovery and Translational Capabilities

SL Target & Biomarker Discovery and Validation



Dual CRISPR, CRISPR, siRNA Genetically Engineered Models Bioinformatics, including AI Algorithms

- Synthetic Lethality Discovery Screening of broad-based cell libraries to identify SL interactions based on genetic alterations
- DECIPHER[™] Dual CRISPR SL Library in DDR in collaboration with UCSD
- PAGEO[™] Paralogous Gene Evaluation in Ovarian in collaboration with Broad Institute

Drug Discovery and Pharmacological Validation

- Structure Based Drug Design Small Molecule Chemistry Protein Degrader Capabilities
 - High-Throughput Screening approaches to identify biochemically active compounds
 - Iterative chemistry / biology screening, including biochemical, cellular and *in vivo*, guided by structure-based-drug design, to evaluate SAR and advance Lead Series
 - Pharmacological validation of SL interaction
 - Preliminary tolerability of Lead Compounds
 - Development Candidate Selection

Translational Research and Opportunity Expansion



Genomics – DNA and RNA Analysis Proteomics – Protein Expression Profiling Tissue (IHC, IF) and Liquid Biopsies Analysis

- Translational Research to define patient selection and pharmacodynamic biomarkers
- Opportunity Expansion through cell panel screening to evaluate Lead Compounds against human cancer cell lines across indications
- PD biomarker analysis to confirm target modulation and correlation with clinical activity

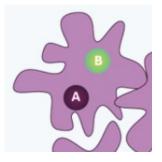


Synthetic Lethality Target and Biomarker Discovery and Validation



Synthetic Lethality Discovery Screening

- (1) Select Cancer-associated Genetic Alterations (Gene A)
- (2) Select Genes encoding potential Drug Target (Gene B)

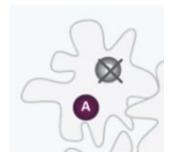


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(3) Create DNA/RNA Libraries
combining Cancer-associated
Genetic Alterations (Gene A) with
Genetic Knock-Out (CRISPR) or
Knock-Down (RNAi) of Potential
Drug Target (Gene B)

(4) Identify Synthetic Lethalrelationships of paired Cancer-associated Genetic Alterations(Gene A) and Potential DrugTargets (Gene B)

(5) Experimentally Validate selected Drug Targets (Gene B) and associated Synthetic Lethal Biomarkers (Gene A)



DECIPHER[™] (Dual-CRISPR Screening) screens curated cancer cell lines using CRISPR knock-out of cancer-associated genetic alterations (Gene A) and CRISPR knock-out of selected potential drug targets (Gene B) – IDEAYA Proprietary Database (UCSD Collaboration)

PAGEO[™] (Paralog Screening) screens curated cancer cell lines using CRISPR knock-out and/or RNAi knock-down of functionally-redundant genes (Gene A1 and Gene A2) and of selected potential drug targets (Gene B) – IDEAYA Proprietary Database (Broad Institute Collaboration)

DepMap (Single-CRISPR Screening) screens curated cancer cell lines having selected cancer-associated endogenous genetic alterations (Gene A) against CRISPR knock-out of selected potential drug targets (Gene B) – Partnership Database (DepMap Consortium - Broad Institute)

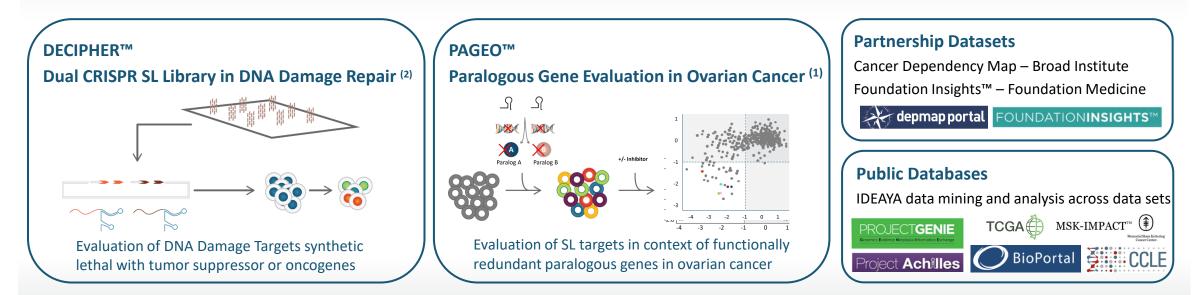


Synthetic Lethality Target and Biomarker Discovery and Validation



Target / Biomarker Identification and Validation Platform

IDEAYA SL Platform integrates extensive proprietary and public data sets with orthogonal and complementary content Bioinformatic analysis enables identification and validation of synthetic lethal target / biomarker interactions across vast datasets Robust SL interactions validated genetically (Dual CRISPR, paralogues, isogenic pairs, CRISPR/siRNA), pharmacologically, & *in vivo*



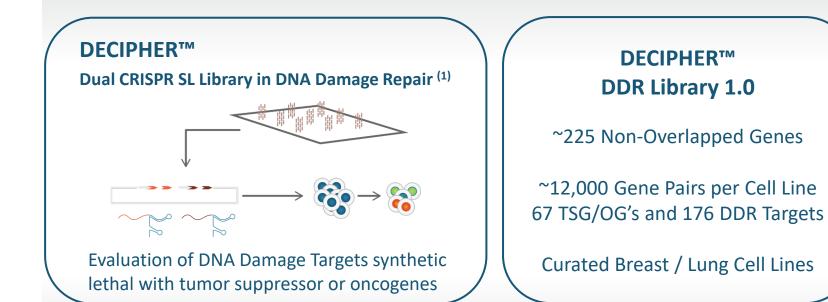


(1, 2) IDEAYA Proprietary Libraries and Datasets – Strategic Collaborations with Broad Institute⁽¹⁾ and UC San Diego⁽²⁾

Synthetic Lethality Target and Biomarker Discovery and Validation



DECIPHER[™] Dual CRISPR Proprietary Synthetic Lethality Library





DECIPHER™ Genes

>20 Novel Drug Targets Identified

Target Validation Ongoing



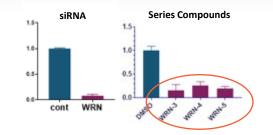
Drug Discovery and Pharmacological Validation



 Drug Discovery Research – to identify proprietary, novel, small molecule compounds as Lead Compounds / Development Candidate with composition-of-matter patent protection and freedom-to-operate

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(2) Pharmacological Validation of Synthetic Lethality Interactions
 – to confirm biological response based on target inhibition with
 IDEAYA proprietary Lead Compound / Development



High-Throughput Screening approaches to identify compounds having biochemical activity against a Synthetic Lethality target, including HTS hit confirmation and validation of adjacent chemistry to identify Lead Series

Iterative Chemical Synthesis / Screening, including biochemical, cellular and *in vivo* screening, guided by structure-based-drug design and computational chemistry, to evaluate structure-activity-relationships (SAR) and advance Lead Series to identify Lead Compounds

Lead Optimization to evaluate and enhance selectivity, physical properties, and toxicological properties of Lead Compounds

Biomarker Optimization and Synthetic Lethality Validation, including functional genomics validation and pharmacological validation of Synthetic Lethality interaction using Lead Compounds

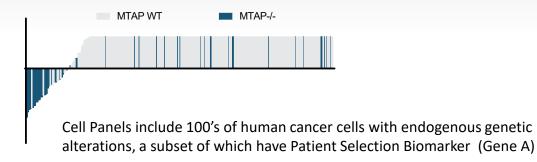
Development Candidate Selection based on comprehensive evaluation of Lead Compounds, including preliminary toxicology



Translational Research and Opportunity Expansion

Synthetic Lethality Indication Expansion Screening

Broad Panel SL Screening for Opportunity Expansion – screen lead compounds / development candidate across broad cancer cell panels to inform patient selection and refine biological / tumor settings for clinical development with potential opportunity expansion (e.g., PRISM, Paralog)





Cells are pharmacologically inhibited with lead compound / development candidate targeting Drug Target (Protein B)

Cell Panel Screening to evaluate proprietary lead compounds / development candidate activity against broad-scope panels of genomicallycharacterized human cancer cell lines representing a broad set of cancer lineages / indications (IDEAYA Selected Panels)

PRISM Screening high-throughput multiplexed screening to evaluate proprietary lead compounds / development candidate activity against a curated panel of more than 750 genomically-characterized human cancer cell lines representing > 45 lineages (Broad Institute Collaboration)

Paralog Lethality Screening high-throughput screening to evaluate proprietary lead compounds / development candidate activity against a panel of hundreds of engineered cell lines having CRISPR knock-out and/or RNAi knock-down of functionally-redundant genes (Broad Institute Collaboration)



IDEAYA is Advancing the Next Wave of Synthetic Lethality Therapies

IDEAYA Synthetic Lethality Pipeline

Strategic Focus on Potential First-in-Class Therapeutics Broad Portfolio of High-Value Synthetic Lethality Opportunities IDE397 (MAT2A/MTAP) Lead SL Program is Transitioning to Clinic Potential First-in-Class Monotherapy and First-in-Class / Best-in-Class Combination Therapies (e.g., Type I PRMT, Taxane) Deep Pipeline of Next Generation Synthetic Lethality Targets PARG, Werner Helicase, Pol Theta, DNA Damage Targets, and SL Target Discovery Platform **MAT2A** WRN DDT1 **Target Discovery** High-MSI Novel Biomarker SL Targets MTAP-Deletion PARG Ροθ DDT2 **Replication Stress** Novel Biomarker HRD



HRD = Homologous Recombination Deficiency, MSI = Microsatellite Instability